

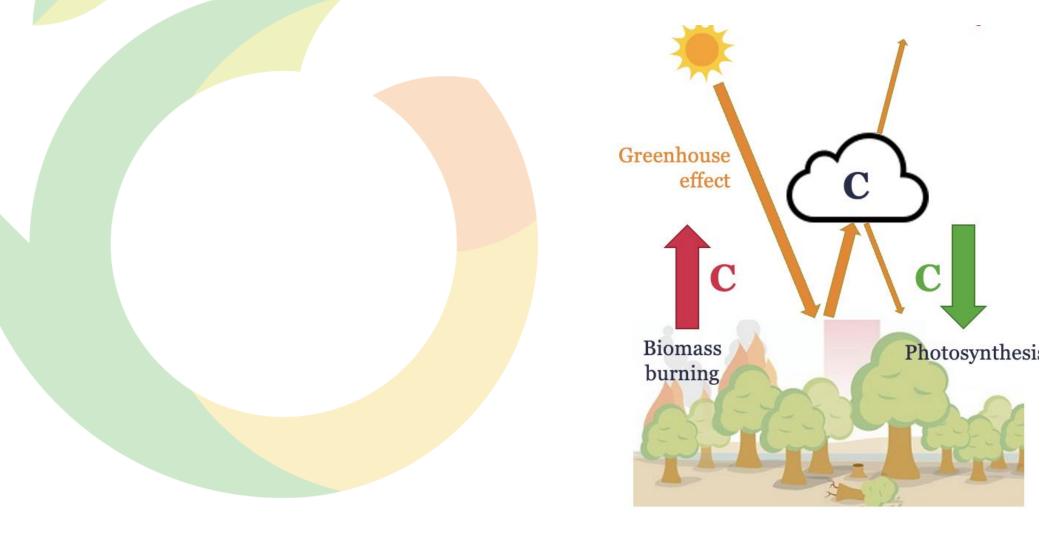
Bilan carbone des incendies de forêt: combustion ... mais résilience?

Florent MOUILLOT

IRD

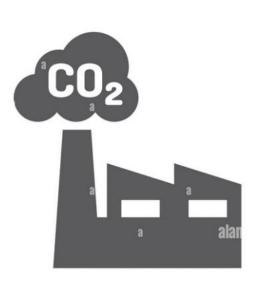
Centre d'Ecologie Fonctionnelle et Evolutive (CEFE), Montpellier

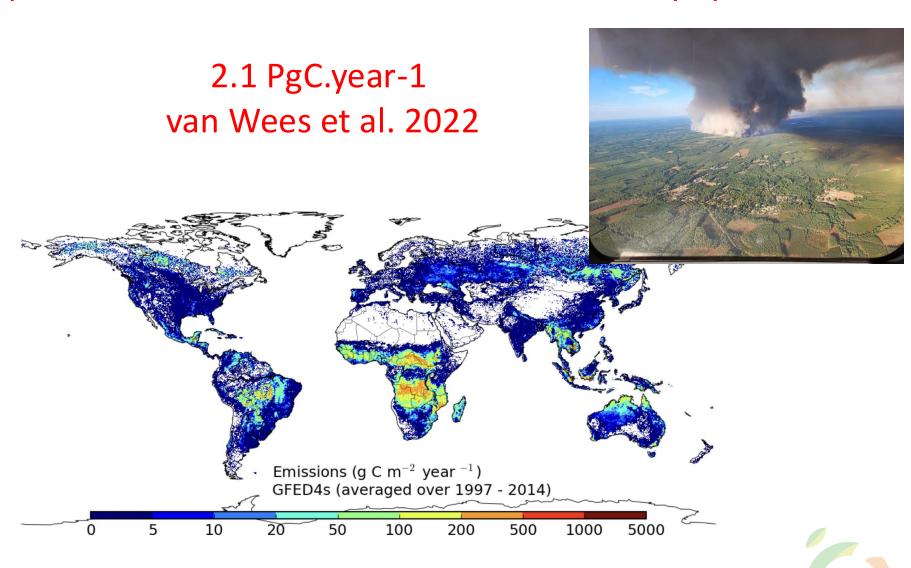
1. Contexte: Les incendies et le bilan de Carbone global



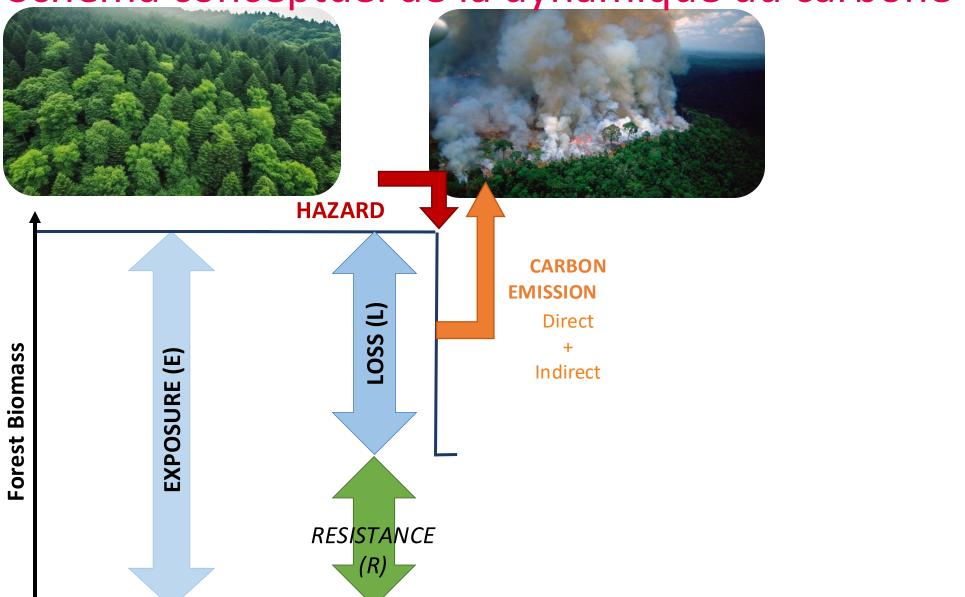
Emissions de Carbone par les incendies: 22% des émissions anthropiques

9.5 PgC.year-1 *Liu et al. 2022*





Schema conceptuel de la dynamique du carbone



Schema conceptuel de la dynamique du carbone **HAZARD CARBON ASSIMILATION CARBON EMISSION Direct** LOSS **Forest Biomass Indirect EXPOSURE** RESISTANCE

Schema conceptuel de la dynamique du carbone **HAZARD CARBON ASSIMILATION CARBON EMISSION** LOSS **Forest Biomass VULNERABILITY EXPOSURE (V) POTENTIAL** RESISTANCE VULNERABILITY (V_D)

Schema conceptuel de la dynamique du carbone **HAZARD CARBON** RECOVERY RATE **VULNERABILITY CARBON** LOSS **EMISSION (V) Forest Biomass EXPOSURE POTENTIAL** RESISTANCE VULNERABILITY (V_D)

Schema conceptuel de la dynamique du carbone **HAZARD CARBON EMISSION** (T) SSOT **Forest Biomass EXPOSURE IRRECOVERABILITY POTENTIAL VULNERABILITY.** *RESI<mark>STA</mark>NCE* VULNERABILITY (V_D) **(V)**

Les émissions de carbone par les incendies sont-elles récupérables?

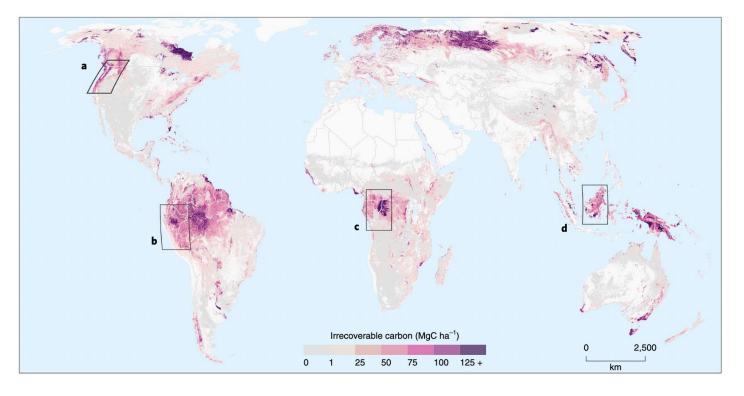


OPEN

Mapping the irrecoverable carbon in Earth's ecosystems

Monica L. Noon[⊙]^{1⊠}, Allie Goldstein[⊙]¹, Juan Carlos Ledezma[⊙]², Patrick R. Roehrdanz[⊙]¹, Susan C. Cook-Patton[⊙]³, Seth A. Spawn-Lee[⊙]⁴.⁵, Timothy Maxwell Wright¹, Mariano Gonzalez-Roglich⁴, David G. Hole[⊙]¹, Johan Rockström² and Will R. Turner¹

Notion de récupérabilité: Sur une période de 30 ans selon le IPCC assessment que le bilan de C global doit atteindre le net-zero en 2050 pour limiter le réchauffement global <1.5 °C depuis l'ère preindustrielle





Les émissions de carbone par les incendies sont-elles récupérables?



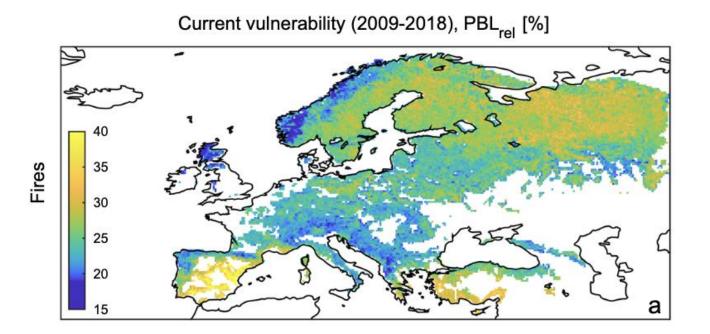
ARTICLE
https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-021-21399-7

FN

Emergent vulnerability to climate-driven disturbances in European forests

Giovanni Forzieri ^{1⊠}, Marco Girardello , Guido Ceccherini ¹, Jonathan Spinoni , Luc Feyen ¹, Henrik Hartmann ², Pieter S. A. Beck , Gustau Camps-Valls ³, Gherado Chirici ⁴, Achille Mauri ⁵ & Alessandro Cescatti

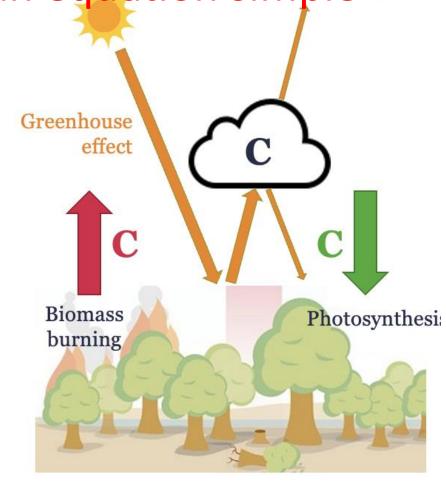
⇒ Besoin de quantifier la vulnérabilité au feu des stocks de carbone forestier.



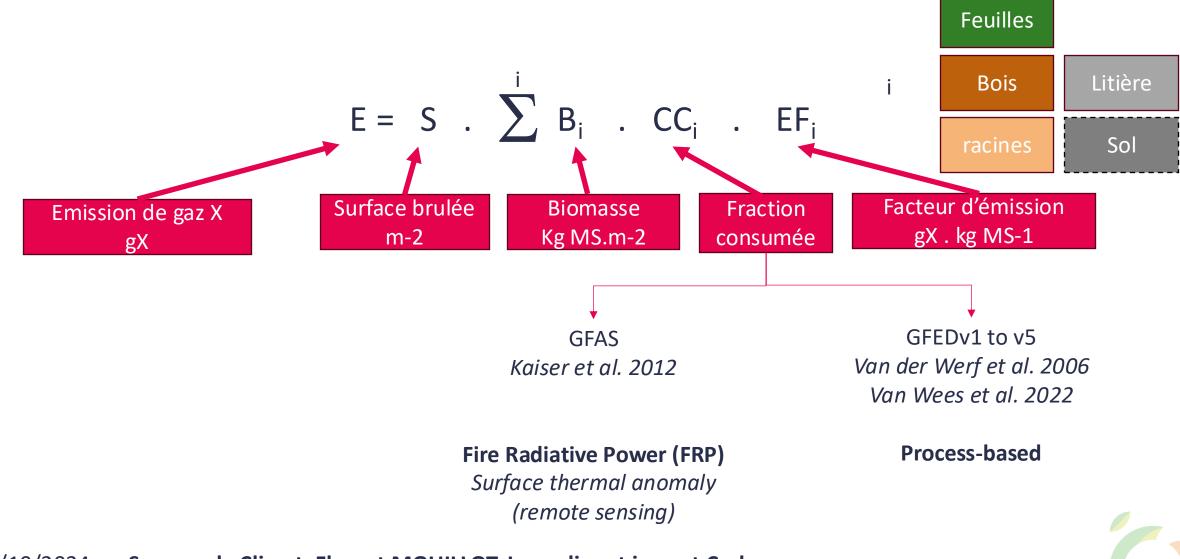
2. Concepts:

Les émissions de Carbone par les incendies...

...un équation simple



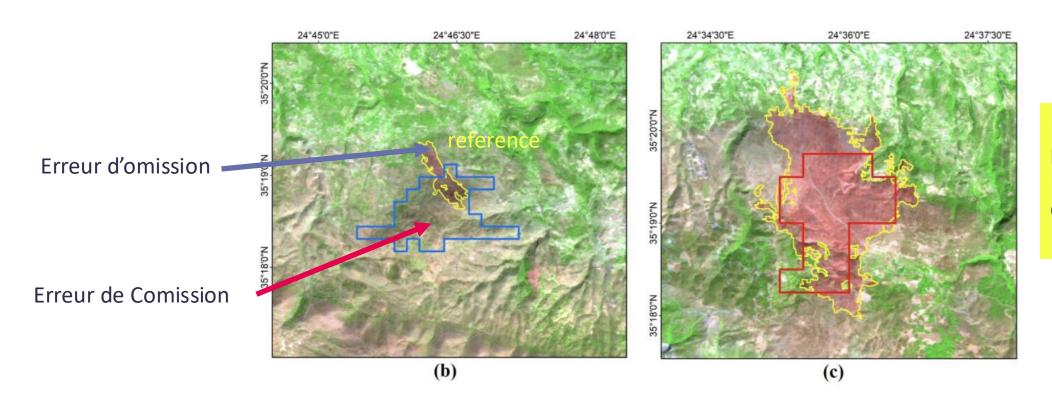
Emissions de Carbone par combustion: une équation simple...



...une équation simple...aux multiples incertitudes

1. les surfaces brulées (S)

Données Globales 2000-présent: MC64A1 (Giglio et al.) & FireCCI51 (Chuvieco et al. 2019)



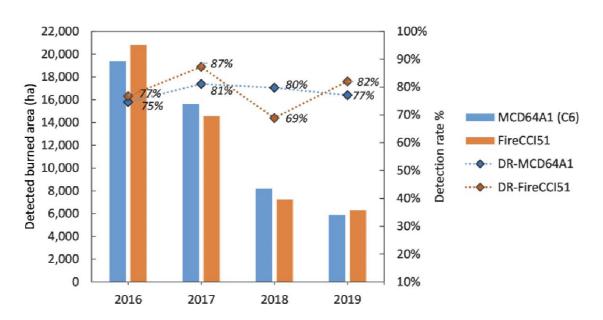
Reference GCOS: polygone de feu Haute résolution Confirmé expert

...une équation simple...aux multiples incertitudes

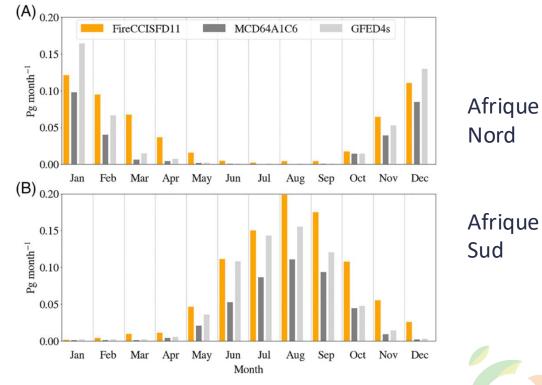
1. les surfaces brulées (S)

Données Globales 2000-présent: MC64A1 (Giglio et al.) & FireCCI51 (Chuvieco et al. 2019)

Evaluaion MCD64A1/FireCCI51 Grèce: 69%-87% *Katagis & Gitas 2022, Remote Sensing*



Impact Carbone Afrique 2019: +30%/+101% avec S à résolution fine (*Ramo et al. 2022, PNAS*)



11/10/2024

Sauvons le Climat, Florent MOUILLOT, Incendies et impact Carbone

...une équation simple...aux multiples incertitudes

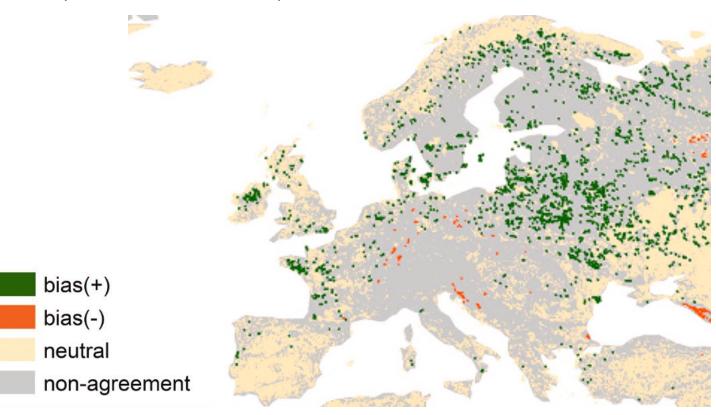
2 La biomasse (B)

Comparaison de 4 informations globales (Araza et al. 2022, RSE):

Baccini (2000) GEOCARBON (2008)

GlobBiomass (2010)

CCI Biomass (2017)



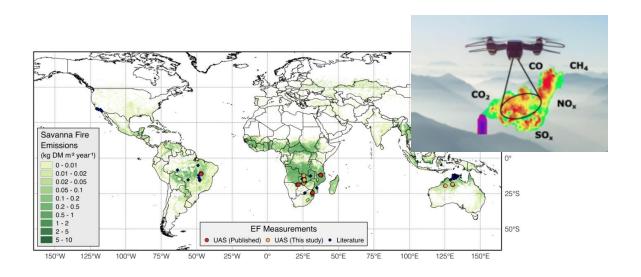


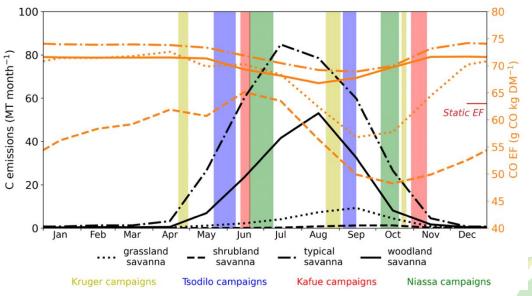
1. ...une équation simple...aux multiples incertitudes

3 Les facteurs d'émission (EF):

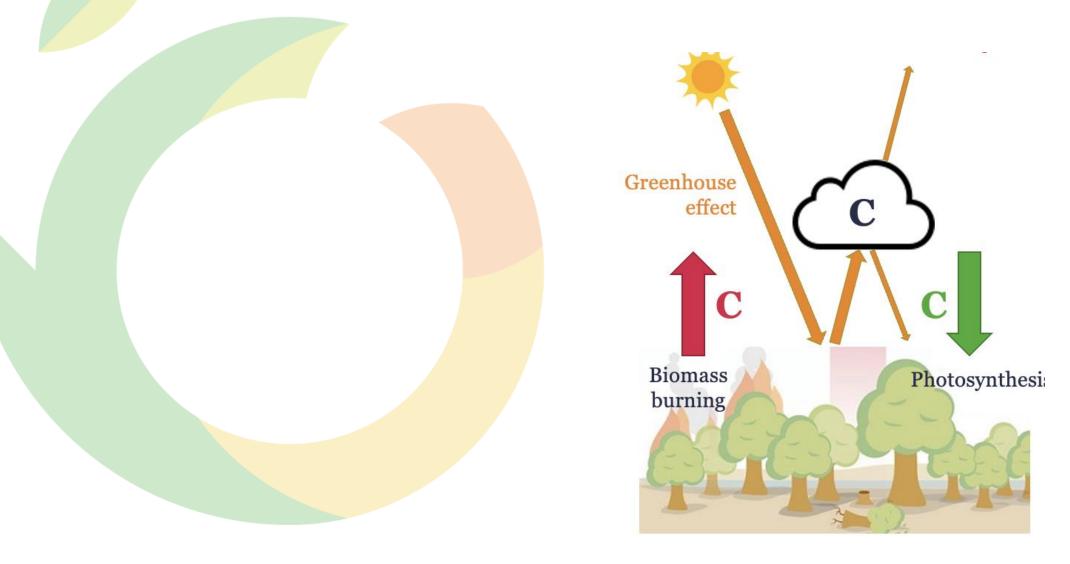
Table 1. Emission factors $(g kg^{-1})$ for species emitted from different types of biomass burning^a.

	Tropical Forest	Savanna	Crop Residue	Pasture Maintenance	Boreal Forest	Temperate Forest	Extratropical Forest ^b
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	1643 (58)	1686 (38)	1585 (100)	1548 (142)	1489 (121)	1637 (71)	1509 (98)
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	93 (27)	63 (17)	102 (33)	135 (38)	127 (45)	89 (32)	122 (44)
Methane (CH ₄)	5.07 (1.98)	1.94 (0.85)	5.82 (3.56)	8.71 (4.97)	5.96 (3.14)	3.92 (2.39)	5.68 (3.24)





3. Les incendies et le bilan de Carbone en France



Emissions de C incendie en France...les références







Rapport National d'Inventaire pour la France au titre de la Convention cadre des Nations Unies sur les Changements Climatiques

CCNUCC

Mars 2023





ıta

About us

What we do

X close







CAMS global biomass burning emissions based on fire radiative power (GFAS): data documentation

https://atmosphere.copernicus.eu/global-fire-emissions



Contro Interprefessionnel Technique d'Etudes de la Bellution Atmosphérique

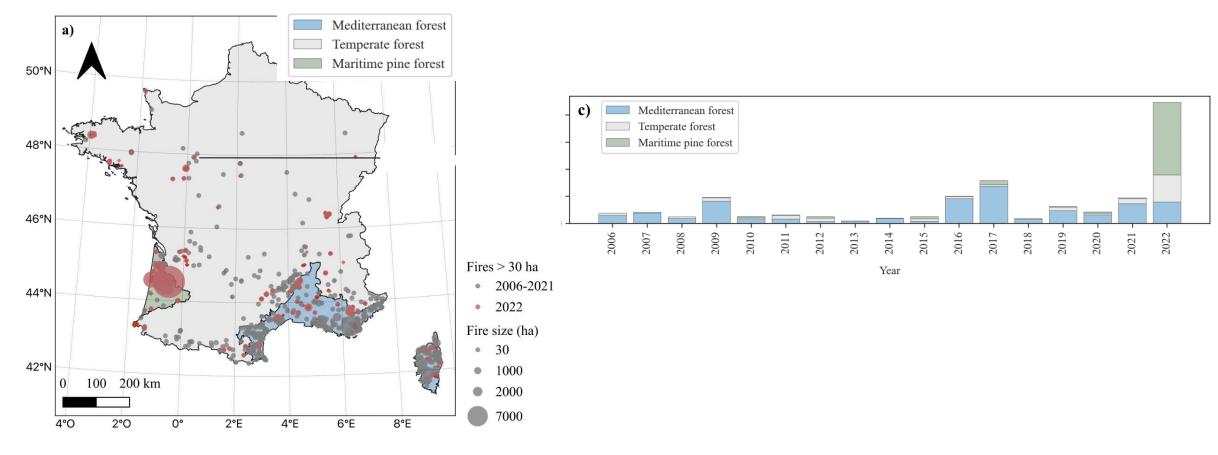
https://www.citepa.org/wp-content/uploads/publications/ccnucc/CCNUCC_france_2023.pdf

11/10/2024 **Sau**

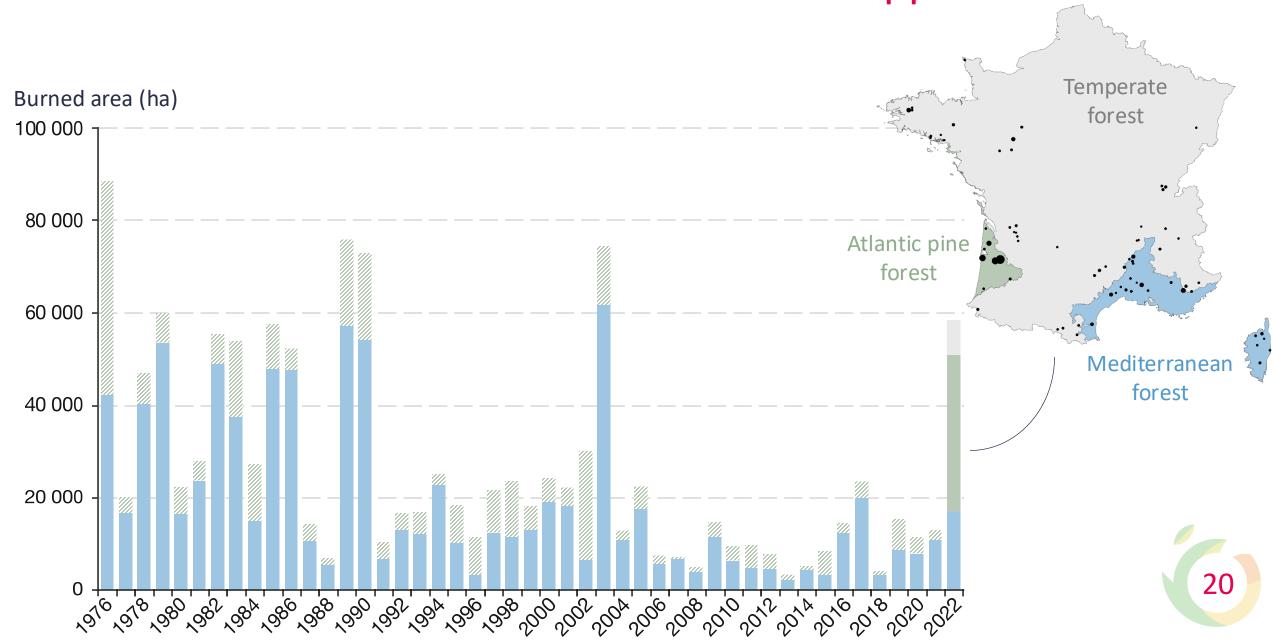
Sauvons le Climat, Florent MOUILLOT, Incendies et impact Carbone



3.1. Les surfaces brulées (S): source BDIFF (https://bdiff.agriculture.gouv.fr/)



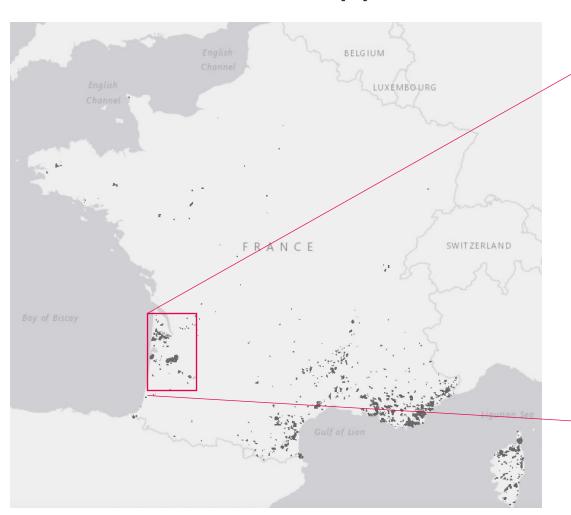


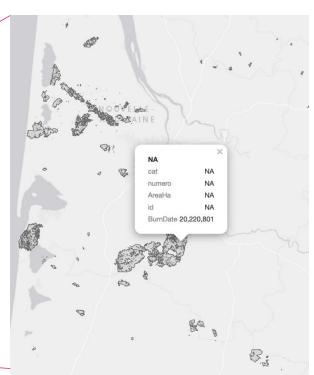


3.1. Les surfaces brulées (S): vers une donnée spatialement explicite haute résolution

Sentinel and Landsat images BAMT semi-automatic method (Roteta et al. 2020) Zone d'entrainement Polygone de feux **Pre- and Post- fire comparison** => Random Forest Validation visuelle (GCOS) 44.56°N

3.1. Les surfaces brulées (S): vers une donnée spatialement explicite haute résolution





https://data.oreme.org/fire/home

>1500 polygones

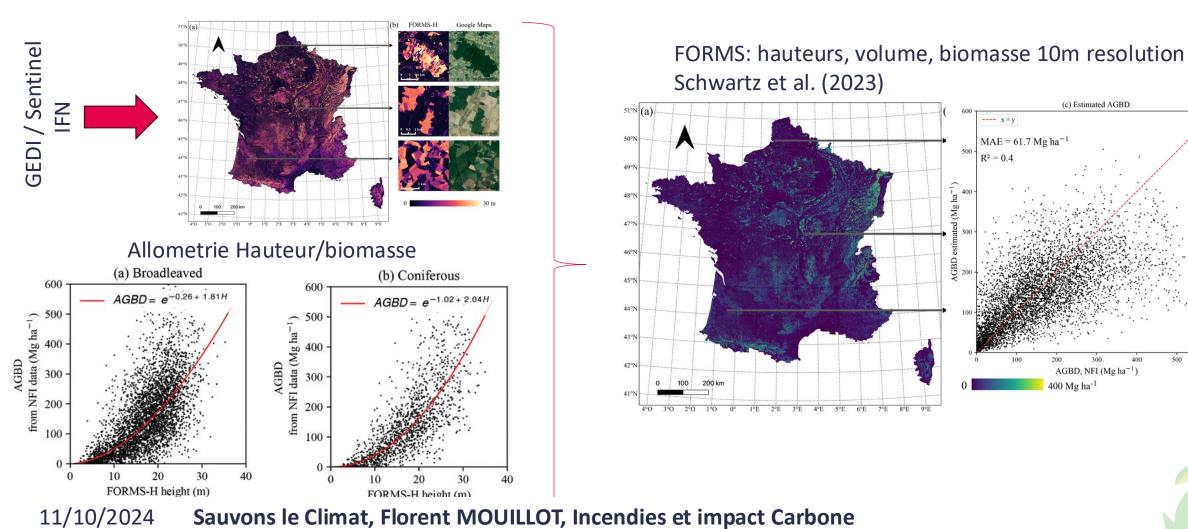
1984-2022

Feux > 50ha

Validation visuelle GCOS

Date, surface

3.2 La biomasse (B): de l'IFN à la haute résolution LIDAR



Sauvons le Climat, Florent MOUILLOT, Incendies et impact Carbone

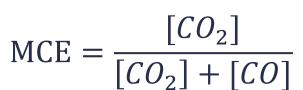


3.3 La combustion du sol? Négligée malgré les évidences 2022...

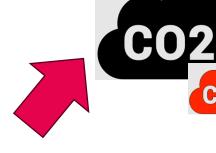
Landiras (33), 2022.

3.3 La combustion du sol: mise en évidence par les tours Atmosphériques ICOS

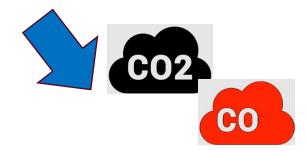


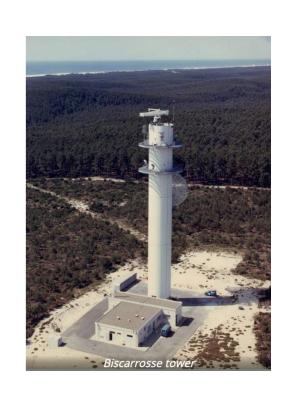


Combustion de flamme (Flaming F)

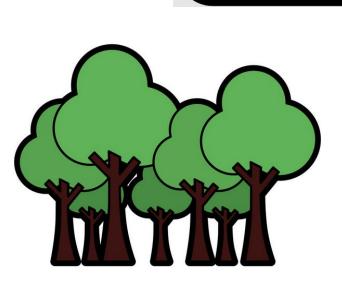


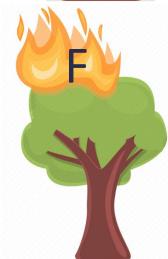
Combustion étouffée (Smoldering S)



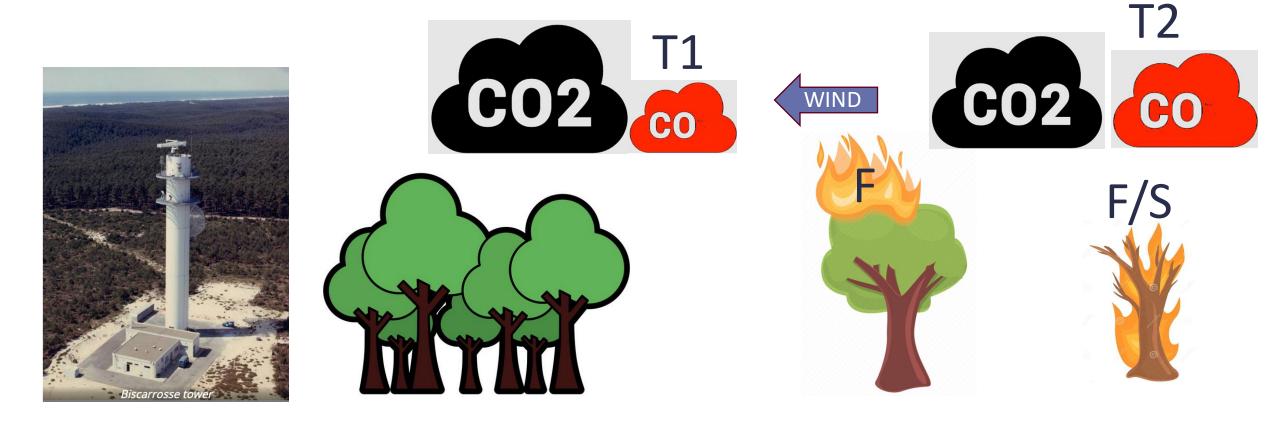




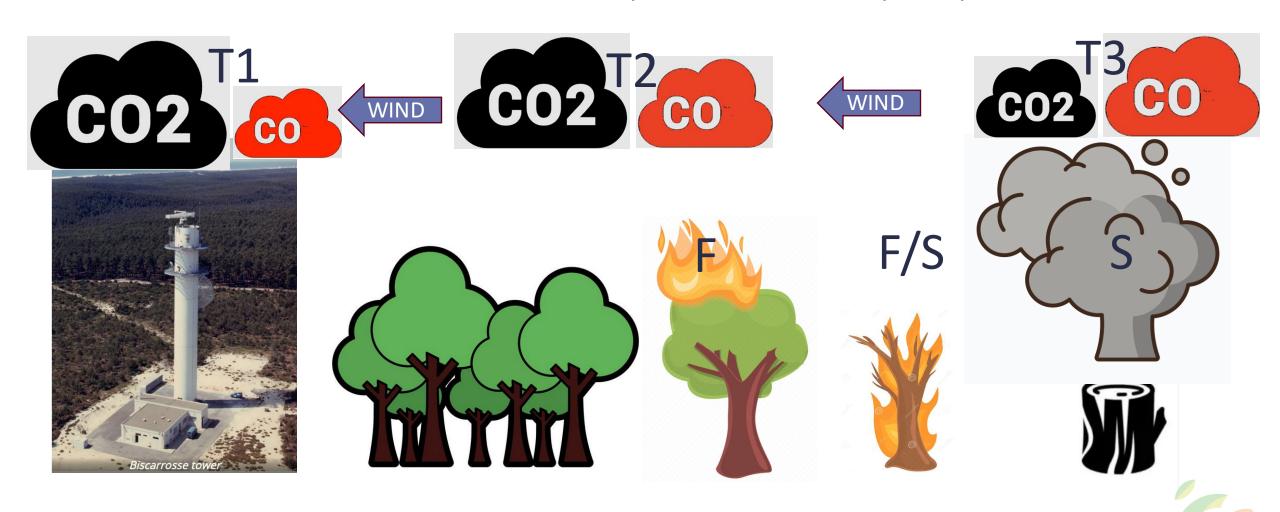








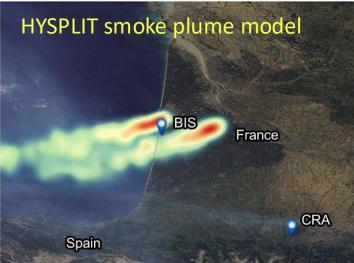




3.3 La combustion du sol: mise en évidence par les tours Atmosphériques ICOS

2022-07-16

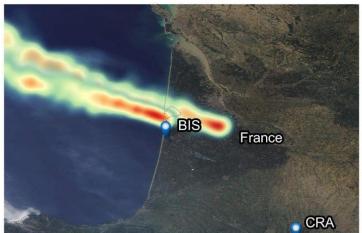




Mesures ICOS:

- Filtrage des jours dans le panache
- simulation de panache HYSPLIT



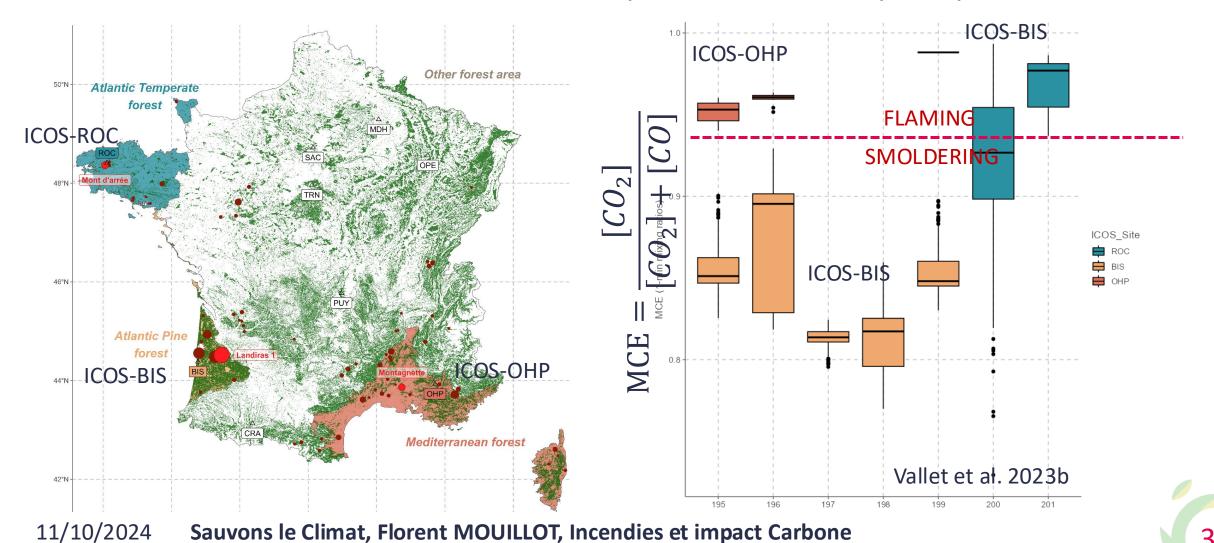


Vallet et al. 2023b

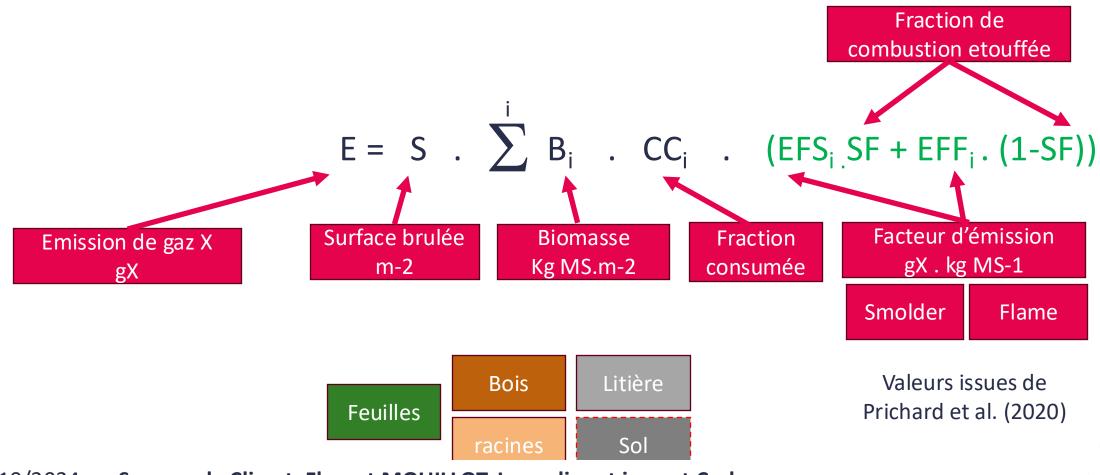
11/10/2024

Sauvons le Climat, Florent MOUILLOT, Incendies et impact Carbone

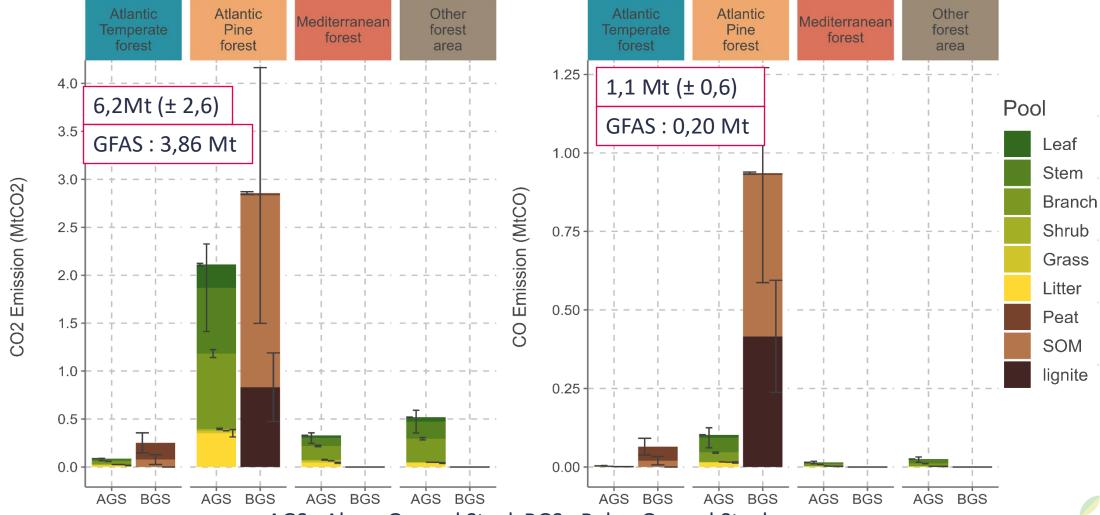




3.3 La combustion du sol: vers un nouvel algorithme



3.3 La combustion du sol: vers un nouvel algorithme



AGS: AboveGround Stock BGS: BelowGround Stock

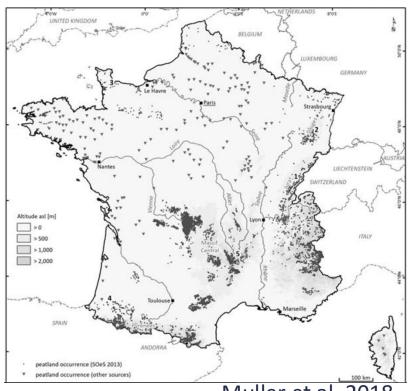
Sauvons le Climat, Florent MOUILLOT, Incendies et impact Carbone

Perspectives

- Intégration de la combustion de sols tempérés
- => facteurs d'émission (EF)? (Prichard et al. 2020 US)

-Vulnérabilité des stocks de Carbone en France

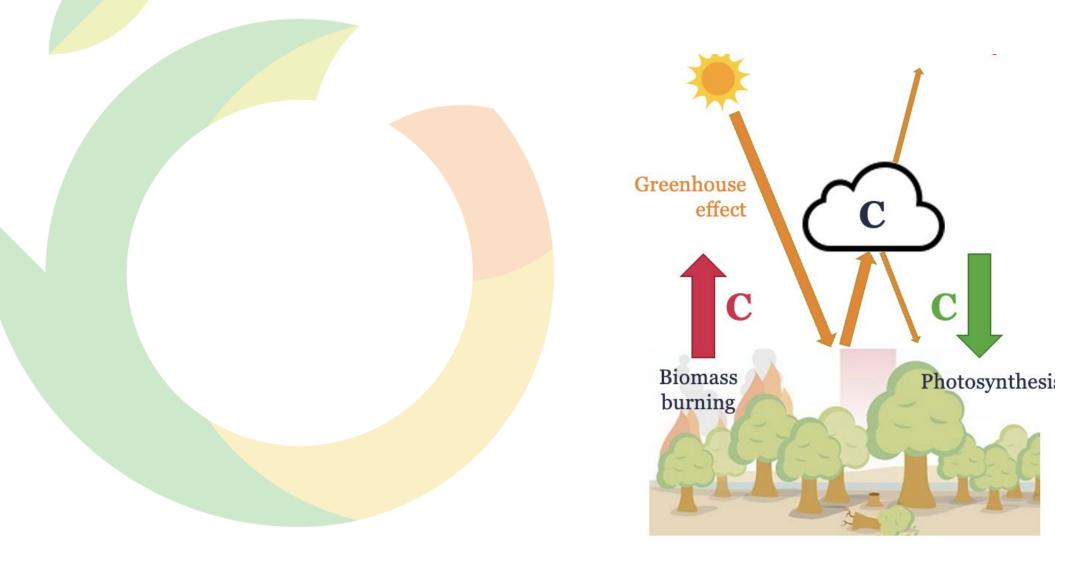
=> intégrer C sol et tourbières



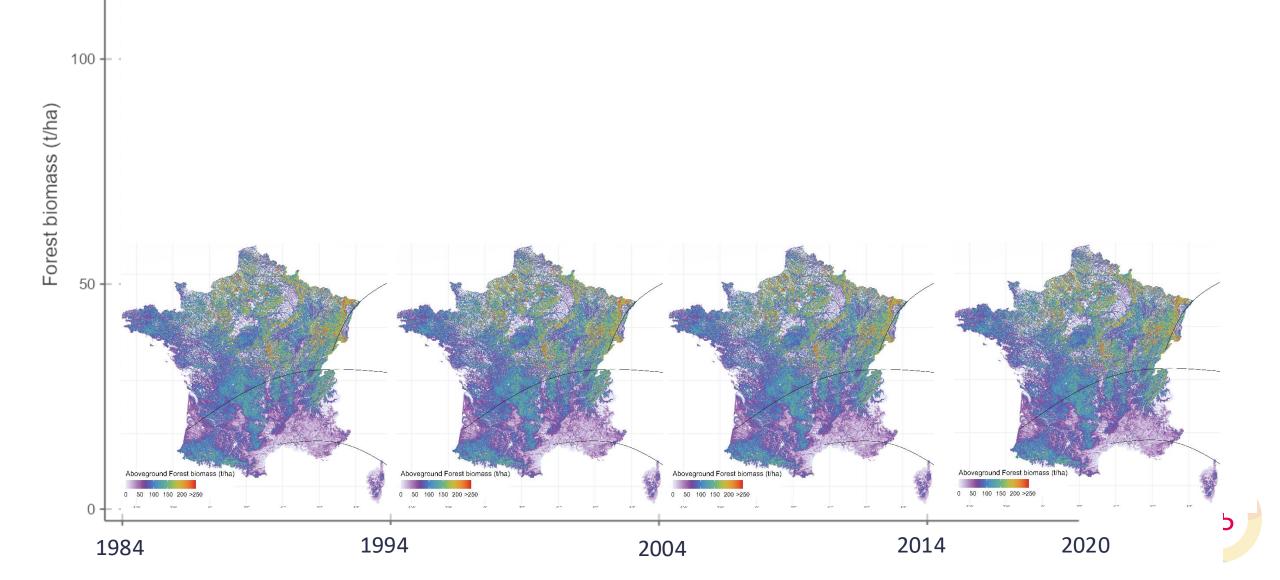
Muller et al. 2018



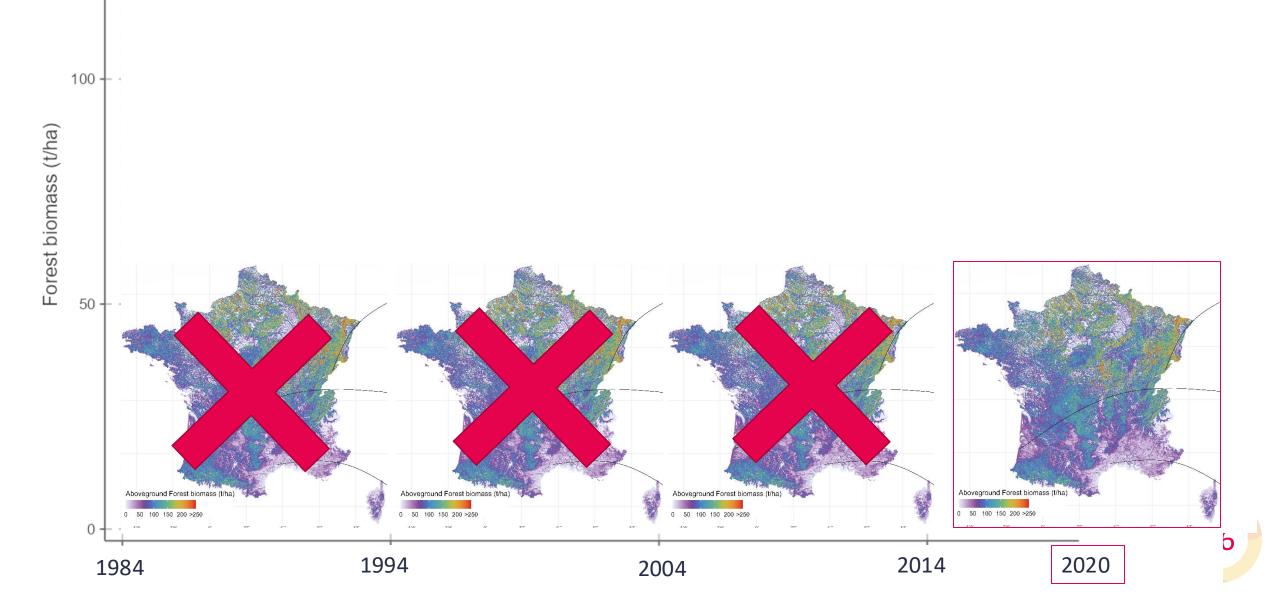
4. Le carbone émis par les incendies est-il récupérable?



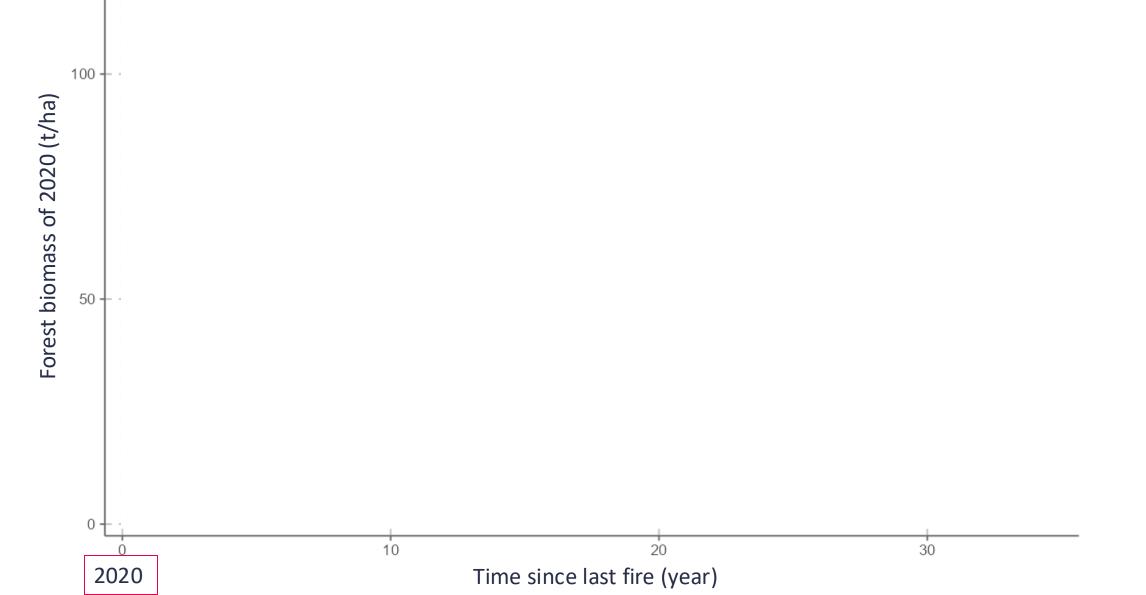
Post-fire biomass dynamics



Post-fire biomass dynamics

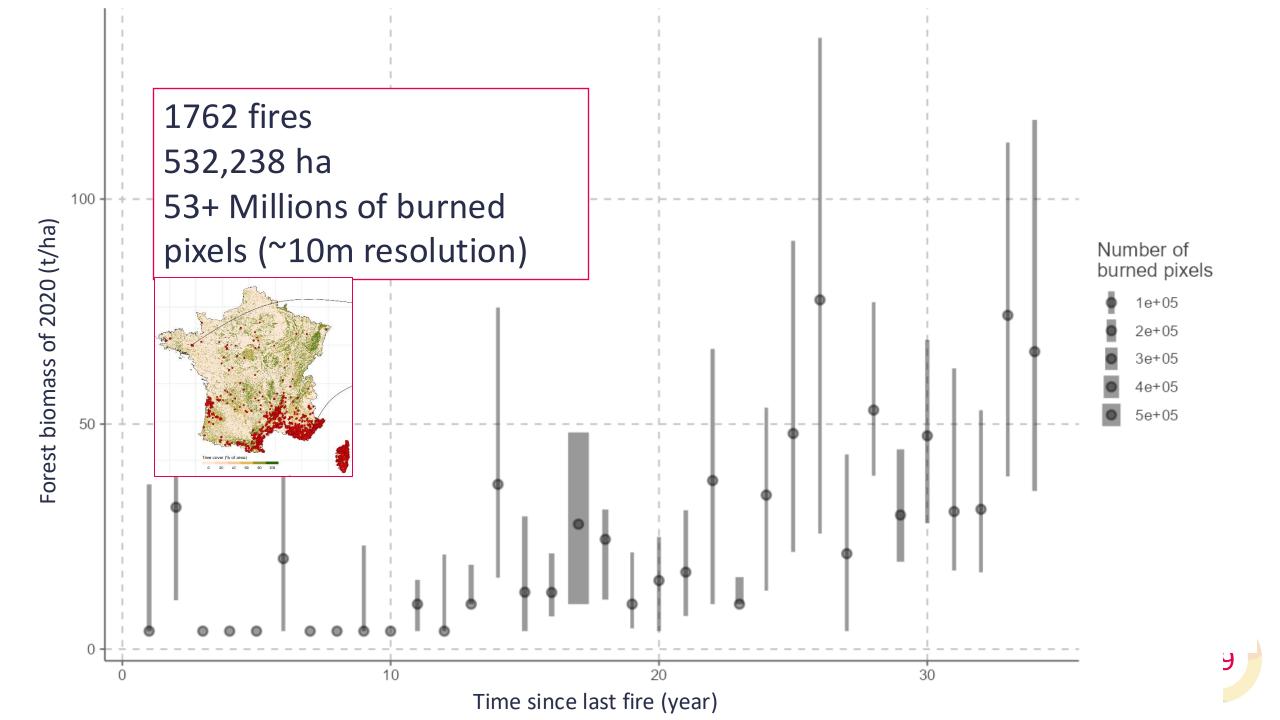


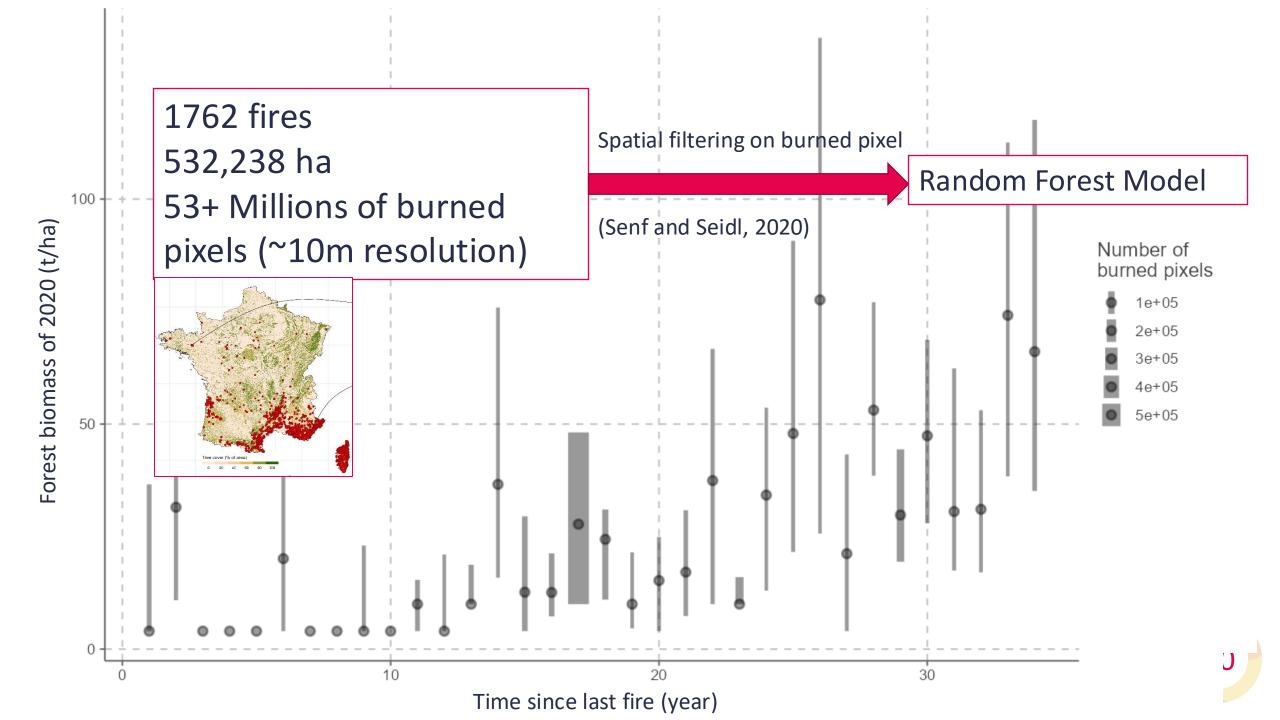
Post-fire biomass dynamics



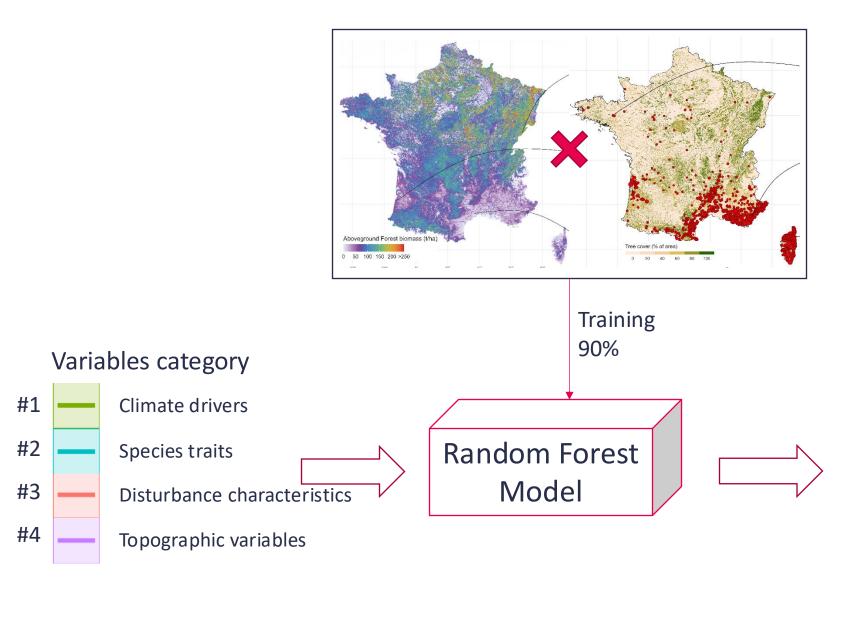
Post-fire biomass dynamics 100 -Forest biomass of 2020 (t/ha) Fire year = 1990 20 Time since last fire (year) 2020

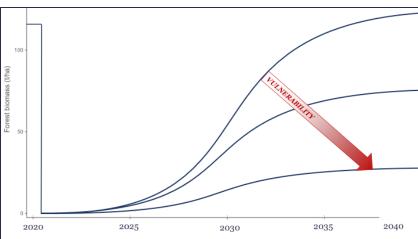




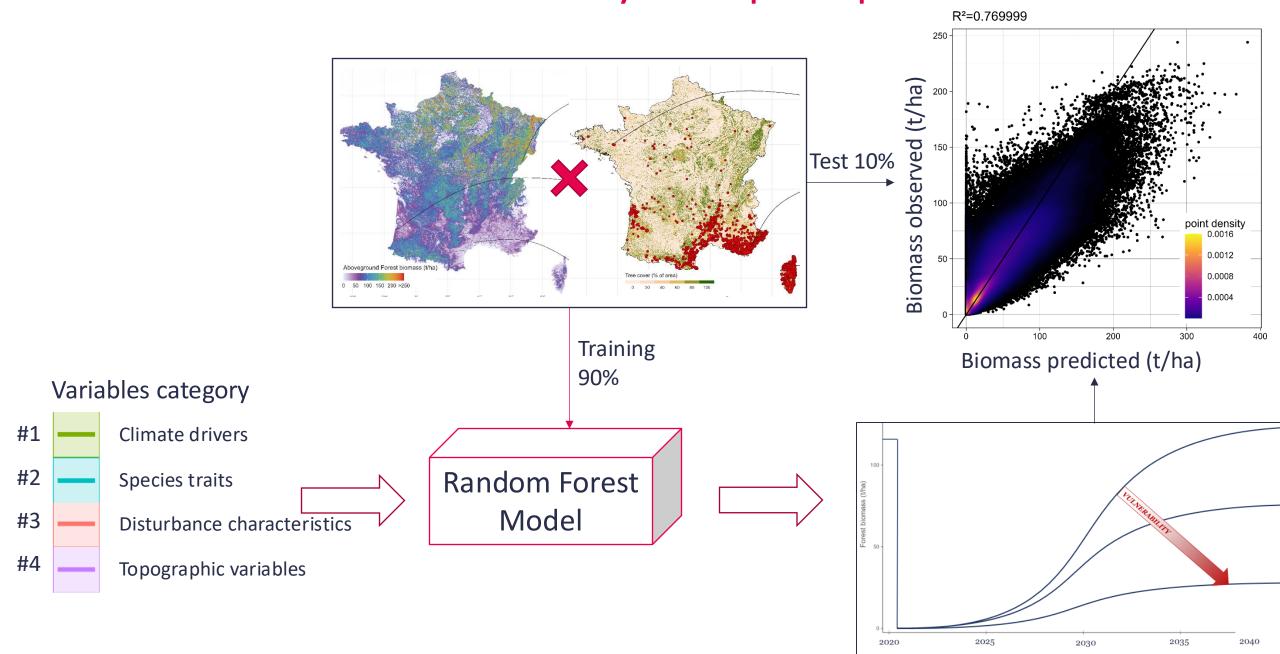


Vers une modélisation de la dynamique C post-feu

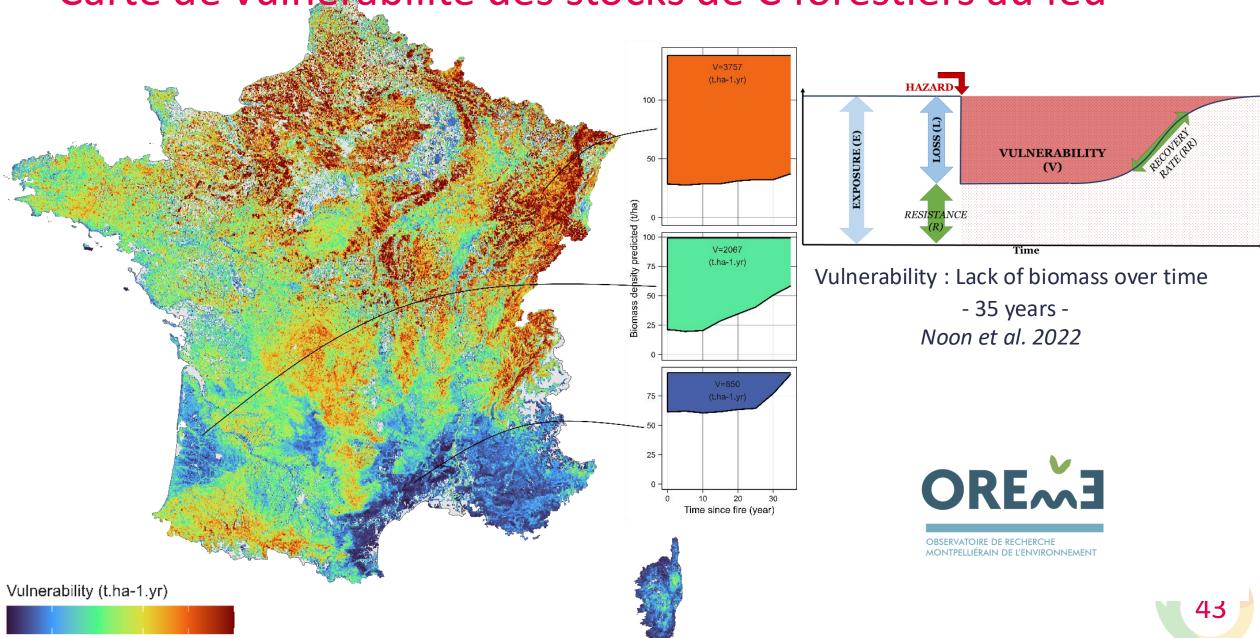




Vers une modélisation de la dynamique C post-feu



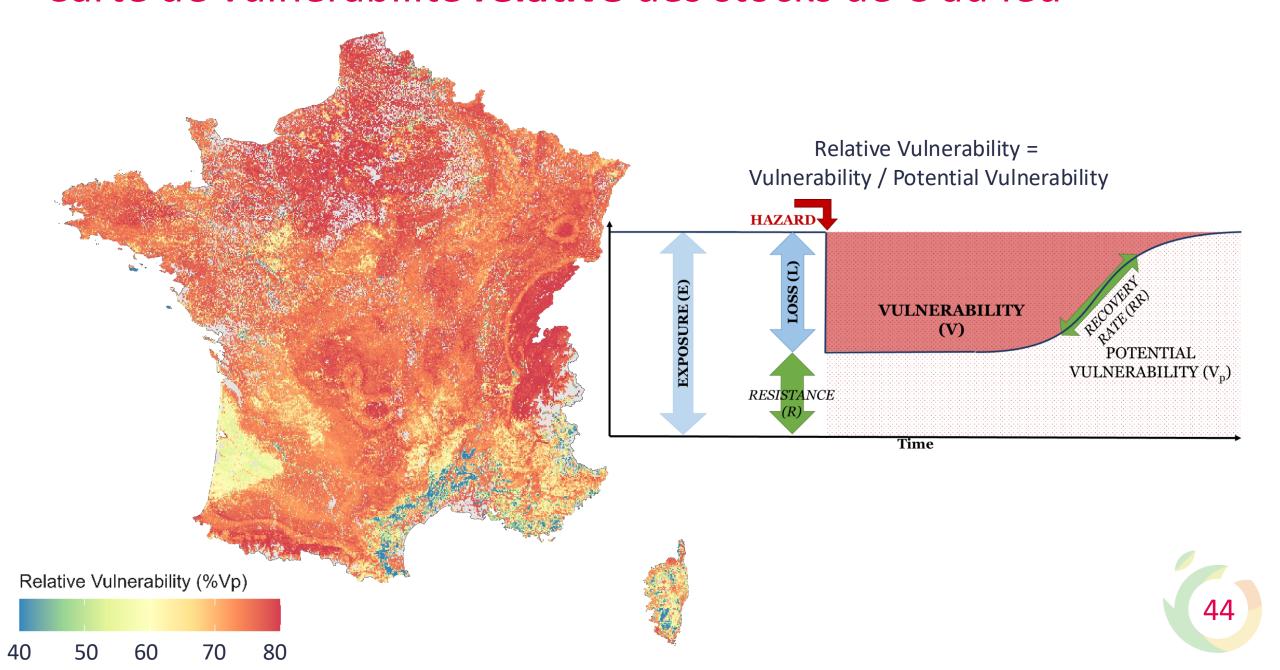
Carte de vulnérabilité des stocks de C forestiers au feu



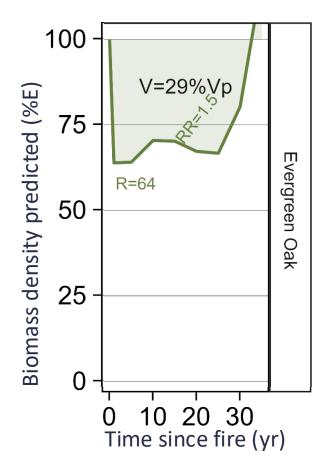
3000

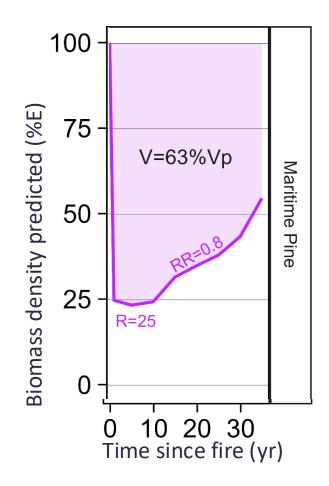
4000 >5000

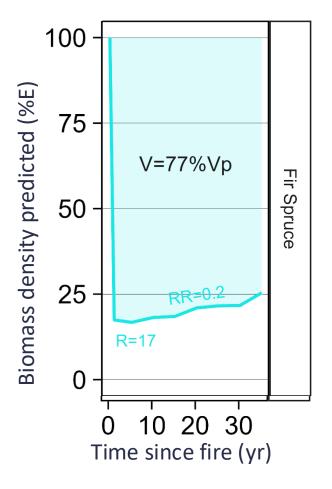
Carte de vulnérabilité relative des stocks de C au feu



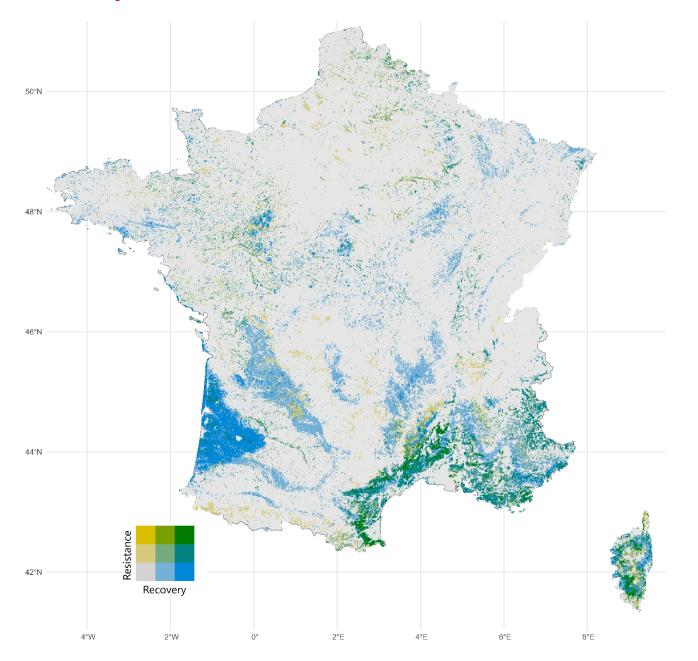
Pourquoi une telle variabilité?









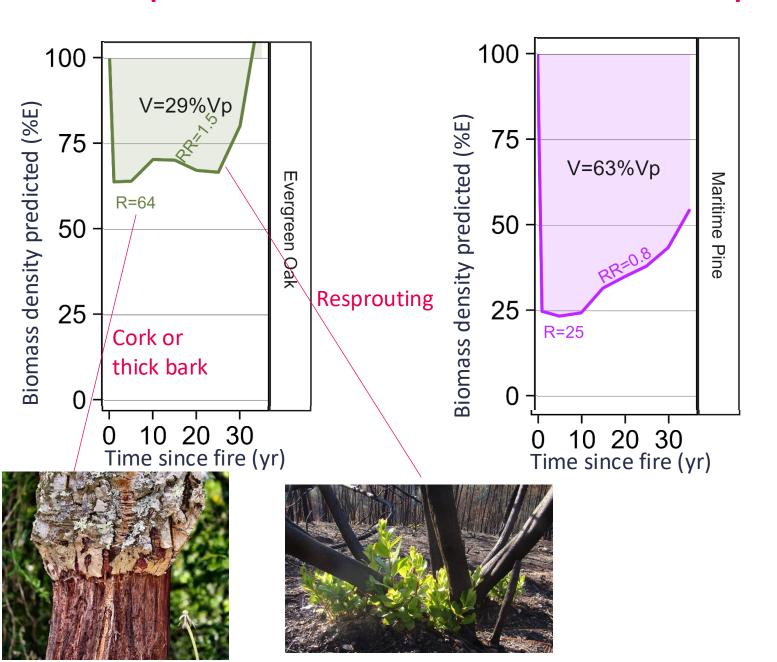


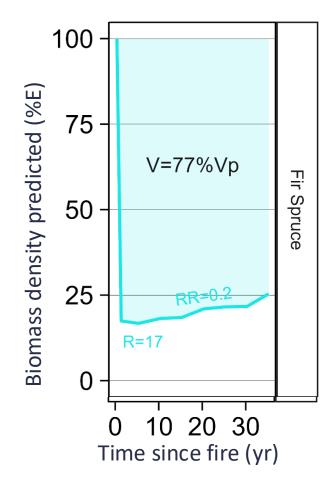
Résistance au feu

Régénération

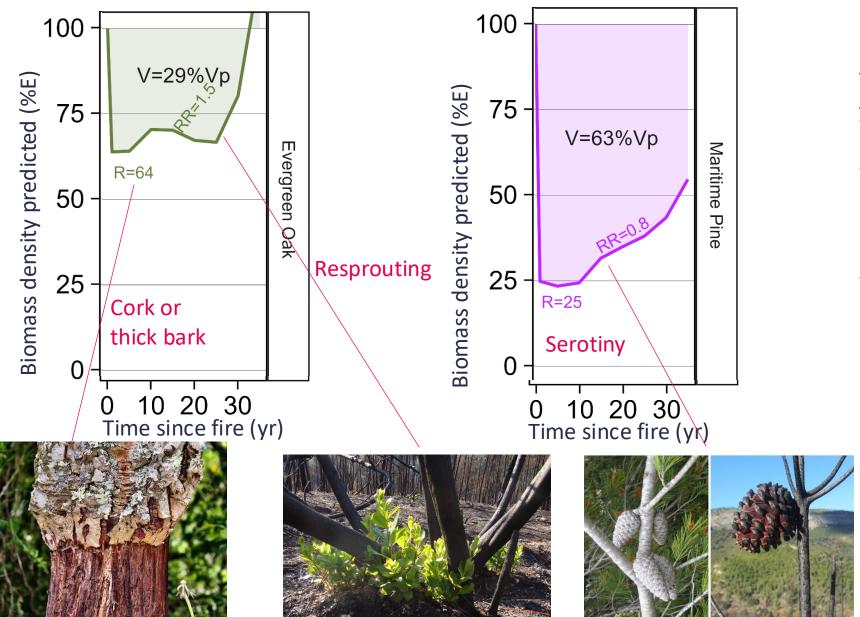
Croissance

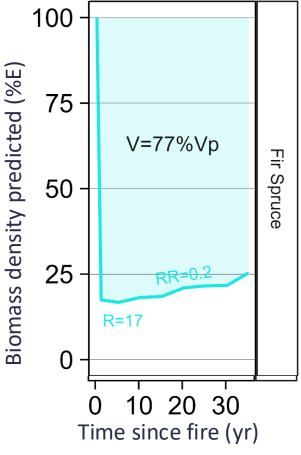




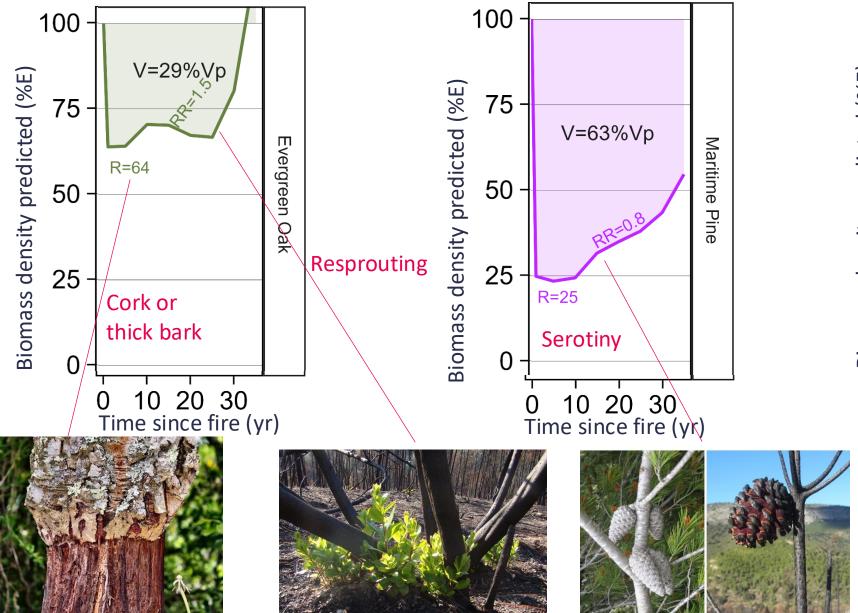


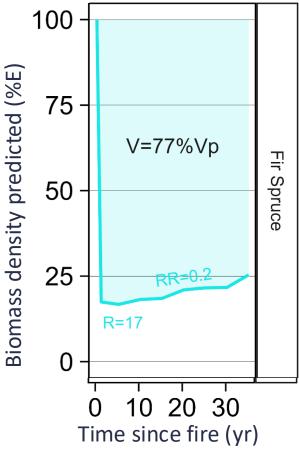












No fire-adapted traits



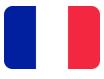
Conclusion



7,95 MtCO2e émis par les feux de fôrets en France en 2022



~ 2 fois les estimations par les modèle globaux (GFAS : 4,18 MteqCO2e)



~ 2% des émissions de gaz à effet de serre de la France (403,8 MtCO2e)



~ 30% du pouvoir de séquestration annuelle des forets française (27 MtCO2e/an)



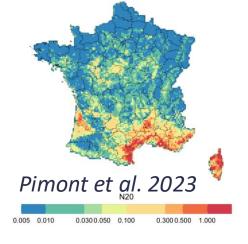
Conclusion



Les forêts méditerranéennes sont les plus affectées par les feux....
...mais les plus résistantes et résilientes (V=29% sur 30 ans)



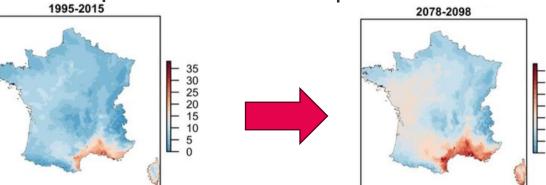
La gestion forestière peut être un levier d'action (V=60%)





Les forêts tempérées sont les moins adaptées au feu mais pourraient être

affectées dans le futur.



MERCI A VOUS MERCI A EUX:

Lilian VALLET, thèse ADEME/ H2020 Fireurisk IRD, UMR CEFE Montpellier

Martin SCHWARTZ, thèse UMR LSCE, Gif/yvette

Philippe CIAIS, UMR LSCE, Gif/yvette

Charbel ABDALLAH, UMR GSMA, univ. Reims

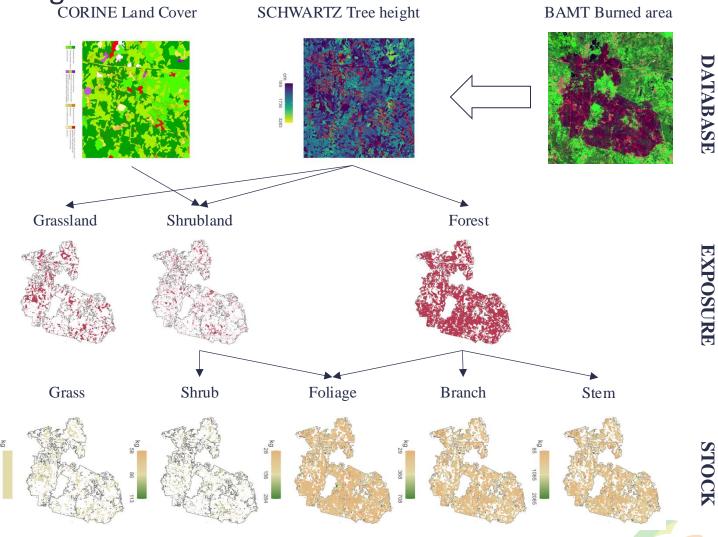
Thomas LAUVAUX, UMR GSMA, univ Reims

References:

Vallet et al. (2023b), Soil smoldering in temperate forests: A neglected contributor to firecarbon emissions revealed by atmospheric mixing ratios. Biogeosciences, https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-2023-2421

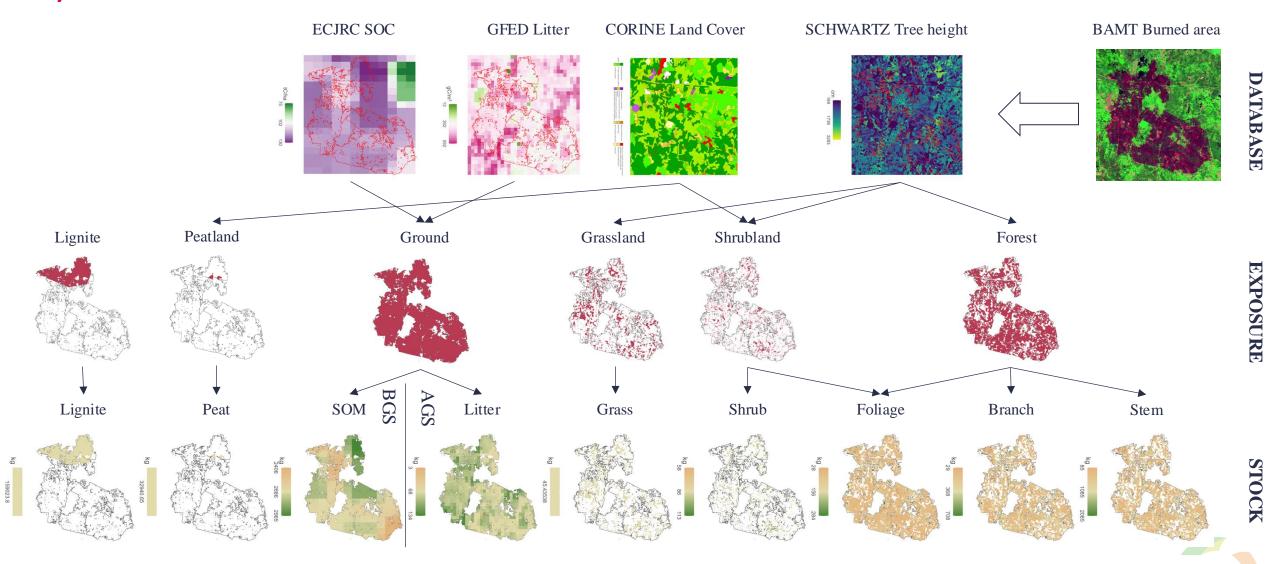
Vallet et al. (2024), High-resolution data reveal a surge of biomass loss from temperate and Atlantic pine forests, contextualizing the 2022 fire season distinctiveness in France. Biogeosciences, 20, 3803–3825, https://doi.org/10.5194/bg-20-3803-2023

Emissions de C en France...nouveaux développements 2.5 La combustion du sol: vers un nouvel algorithme des émissions de C



2) Combustion de sol et Emissions carbone

AGS : AboveGround Stock BGS : BelowGround Stock



2) Combustion de sol et Emissions carbone

10,000

5,000

AGS: AboveGround Stock BGS: BelowGround Stock

lignite

Atlantic Atlantic Other Atlantic Atlantic Other Mediterranear Mediterranean Pine forest Pine forest forest forest forest forest forest forest area area 4,5 Mt (± 2,1) 41,600 ha Exposure type Pool 25,000 Forest Leaf Shrubland Stem 3.0 Grassland (MtDM) Branch 20,000 Peatland Shrub 2.5 Burned area (ha) Soil Grass matter Litter 15,000 2.0 Peat Sombusted SOM 1.5

05/12/2023 Académie des Sciences, Florent MOUILLOT, Caractérisation des incendies et impact Carbone

0.5